



















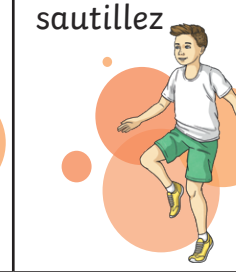
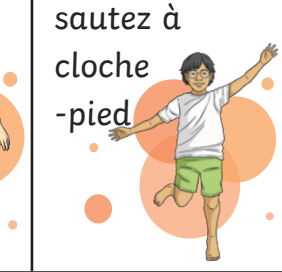


Key Vocabulary – Transport			
f = feminine		m = masculine	
une voiture	un autobus	un vélo	à pied
			
un cheval	un train	un camion	un hélicoptère
			
un avion	une moto	un taxi	une trottinette
			

Key Language in Context	
Comment vas-tu à l'école ? How do you get to school?	
Je vais à l'école en autobus	Ils vont à l'école à pied.
	

Key Vocabulary – Body and Actions			
le bras (m)	le coude (m)	la jambe (f)	la main (f)
			
courez	marchez	sautillez	sautez à cloche-pied
			
pliez bend/fold	tendez stretch/extend	liez link/bind	tenez hold
lâchez let go/release	arrêtez stop	Liez les bras ! Link your arms!	Tenez les mains ! Hold hands!

Verb – aller (to go)		
je vais I go	tu vas you go	il/elle va he/she/it goes
nous allons we go	vous allez you (plural) go	ils/elles vont they (m/f) go

Key Vocabulary – Directions

allez go	tournez turn	tout droit straight on	à droite to the right
à gauche to the left	c'est it is	la première first	la deuxième second
la troisième third	voilà there you are	bien sûr of course	Pour le/la/l'..., s'il vous plaît ? How do I get to the..., please?

Pronunciation

- The last **e** in the word **gauche** is silent and the **ch** is pronounced /sh/.
- The last **e** in **à droite** makes the **t** voiced but in **tout droit** the **t** is silent as usual.

Key Knowledge and Grammar

The prepositions **en** and **à** are used to introduce the type of transport you use to travel to places. Use **en** for any kind of vehicle (it means **by**). Use **à** for anything involving human/animal power (it means **on**). Just like in English, you will not need the determiner **une/une** before the transport name.

- e.g. Je vais à l'école **en** voiture [I go to school **by** car].
- e.g. Je vais à l'école **à** pied [I go to school **on** foot].

The preposition **à** is used to say where you are going and it means to, e.g. Je vais **à** la piscine [I go to the swimming pool], Je vais **à** l'école [I go to the school].

However, remember that when using the preposition **à** before **le** (definite article in the masculine singular), **à + le** becomes **au**: e.g. **le marché** is a masculine noun, so you would say Je vais **au** marché [I go to the market].

In the plural form of French verbs, **ils** means 'they' for plural males or a group of males/females together. You only use **elles** for a group consisting purely of females.

